

Mental Health Referral Plan (Non-Emergency)



Person in Distress is Identified

An individual either self-identifies or is identified by a member of the High Performance community (e.g., HPD, Program Manager, Coach, PSRI staff member, or another athlete) as having mental health signs and symptoms of





Connect with Lead MHP & Sport **Psychiatrist for Support**



Inform Your MPC





Informed Consent is Sought by MPC





Develop a Treatment Management Plan





Develop a **Communication Plan**



Case Resolution & Follow-Up Communication

Execute Communication Plan

Mental Health Signs & Symptoms

HEALTHY REACTING

Be on the lookout for deterioration

- Occasional anxiety, irritability, or sadness
- Sleep difficulties Low energy, tension, or headaches
- Reduced concentration, intrusive thoughts
- Inconsistent or reduced performance Decreased engagement, procrastination
- Reduced social activity

INJURED

Initiate response plan!

- Persistant anxiety, anger, or sadness
- Sleep disturbances, nightmares
- Persistent fatigue, aches, pains
- Poor concentration, indecision
- Poor performance Preabsenteeism
- Social avoidance



Mental Health Referral Plan (Emergency)



Person is In Crisis or **Emergency**

community (e.g., HPD, Coach, Program Manager, PSRI staff, others to be in a constant manic, depressive, or anxious





Contact 9-1-1









Treatment/Communication Management Plan



Program Physician, and HPD

Connect with Sport Psychiatrist,



Return to Train & Return to Play treatment/communication plan

Case Resolution & Follow-Up **Communication**

A CRISIS is an upset in steady mental state that may create a disruption or breakdown in a person's normal or usual pattern of functioning. The upset, or disequilibrium is typically acute. A crises constitutes circumstances or situations which cannot be resolved by one's customary problem-solving resources. If a situation can wait 24 to 72 hours for a response, without placing an athlete or a family in jeopardy, it is a crises and not an emergency (USOPC, 2021, p. 7)

- Self-harming or maladaptive coping behaviour that are not life-threatening or causing serious property damage
- Significant loss or death directly or indirectly affecting the
- Rapid mood swings, increased agitation, isolation

An **EMERGENCY** is a sudden, pressing, necessity, such as when a life is in danger because of an accident, a suicide attempt or potential imminent attempt, or interpersonal violence. It requires immediate attention by law enforcement, child protective services (CPS), or other professionals trained to respond to life-threatening events (USOPC, 2021, p. 7)

- Managing suicidal and/or homocidal ideation
- Managing victims of sexual assault, including mandatory reporting to The Centre for SafeSport
- Managing highly agitated or threatening behaviour, acute psychosis (often involving hallucinations and/or delusions), or paranoia
- Managing acute delirium/confusional states
- Managing acute intoxication or drug overdose